

Date: 23.06.2016

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**Corrigendum -II**

**Sub:** Clarification of queries for tender “Empanelment of OEM’s/Vendors for entering into Rate Contract for Access Points of various Configuration for Wi-Fi Project.”

**Ref: i) This office Tender No. RailTel/Tender/OT/CO/DNM/2016-17/Wi-Fi/RC for Access Point/335 dated 13.05.2016.**

**1. Clarifications for Point No. 8 of Clause 3.3.2 of Chapter-3 (Bid Data Sheet, Chapter-2 Point No. 8 of Eligibility Criteria):**

The bidder should have annual turnover of minimum of the value Rs 12 Crores or above during the last 3 financial years excluding the current year. The bidder should provide Audited Balance Sheets and annual reports as documentary evidence or other such documents so as to establish the financial soundness of their company for the preceding three financial years.

**2. Point No. 11 of Information to bidder of Chapter-1 may be read as:**

OEM should be figured in Gartner/IDC Report of the last three years i.e. 2013, 2014 & 2015 report for wireless LAN

**3. Clarifications for Point No. 3 and 4 of Clause 3.3.1 of Chapter-3 (Bid Data Sheet, Chapter-2 Point No. 7 of Eligibility Criteria):**

An undertaking from OEM is acceptable in support of these points.

**4. Point No. 9 of Information to bidder of Chapter-1 may be read as:**

OEM should have a registered office in India to provide 24x7 Technical supports for entire Access Wi-Fi Tender requirement and supplied hardware. The certificate to this effect should be submitted by bidder.

5. **Clause No. 3.11 of Chapter-3 (SPLITTING OF Quantity) has been deleted.**

6. **Point No. 14 of Information to bidder of Chapter-1 may be read as:**

RailTel plans to procure about 25% of access point quantities immediately and balance in lots of approximately 10% quantity each in due course of the contract depending upon the business requirement of RailTel.

7. **Point No. 10 of Information to bidder of Chapter-1 may be read as:**

Equipment offered shall have complete data sheets and detailed description on OEM web sites. The products in pipelines in final stage of rollout are acceptable. OEM should provide complete datasheet and specifications for New upcoming products on their letterhead.

8. **New Point No. 5 & 6 has been added in Clause No. 3.3.1 of Chapter-3 (Eligibility Criteria for OEM):**

5. OEM should have installed minimum 2000 AP's in public hotspot and single order of 1000 AP's in government organization.

6. OEM should not be black listed anywhere in the world

9. **The Modified Technical Specifications of Clause 1.1 of all Category and Cloud/Appliance based Wireless Controller of Chapter-4 may be read as:**

#### **Technical Specifications**

##### **1. Category 1 Access Point:**

| Reference | Parameters        | Technical specification  |
|-----------|-------------------|--|
| CT1HW1    | Hardware          | Access Points proposed must include radios for both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz.                         |
| CT1HW2    | Hardware          | Must have a robust design for durability, without visible vents                                |
| CT1HW3    | Hardware          | Must include dual band antennas to support both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz operations simultaneously. |
| CT1HW4    | Hardware          | Proposed access point shall support MDO( Mobile Data offload)                                  |
| CT1HW5    | Hardware          | Mounting kit should be standard which shall be used for mounting access point                  |
| CT1HW6    | Hardware          | Must Support operating Temperature of 0C to 40 C   |
| CT1HW7    | Hardware          | Must support operating humidity of 10 to 90% ( Non Condensing)                                 |
|           |                   |  |
| CT1WS1    | wireless Standard | Must support 2X2 multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) with TWO spatial streams                |

|        |                   |  |
|--------|-------------------|--|
| CT1WS2 | wireless Standard | Must support simultaneous 802.11n on both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios and 802.11ac on 5ghz .  |
| CT1WS3 | wireless Standard | Must support data rates unto 800 Mbps on 5Ghz radio and 280 mbps on 2.4Ghz radio.  |
| CT1WS4 | wireless Standard | Must support 40 MHz and 80 MHz wide channels in 5 GHz.   |
| CT1WS5 | wireless Standard | Must support unto 21 dbm of transmit power or better in both 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz radios.   |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1RF1 | RF                | The Wireless AP should support technology to improve downlink performance  |
| CT1RF2 | RF                | The AP shall be able to load-balance between 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz band.   |
| CT1RF3 | RF                | Must have -90dB to -100B or better Receiver Sensitivity.   |
| CT1RF4 | RF                | Must incorporate radio resource management for power, channel, coverage hole detection and performance optimization                                      |
| CT1RF5 | RF                | Should support configurable carrier sense threshold  |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1M1  | Mesh              | The Wireless Backhaul shall operate in 5Ghz  |
| CT1M2  | Mesh              | Support Encrypted and authenticated connectivity between all backhaul components   |
| CT1M3  | Mesh              | Access point shall have wired uplink interfaces i.e. 2X10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet  |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1R1  | Roaming           | Must support Proactive Key Caching and/or other methods for Fast Secure Roaming.   |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1S1  | Security          | Must support Management Frame Protection.  |
| CT1S2  | Security          | Should support locally-significant certificates on the APs using a Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) or preinstalled certificates on AP for authentication |
| CT1S3  | Security          | Provision of Wireless IPS to filter malicious traffic  |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1E1  | Encryption        | Access Points must support a distributed encryption/decryption model.  |
| CT1E2  | Encryption        | Access Points must support hardware or software based encryption   |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1M1  | Monitoring        | Must support the ability to serve clients and monitor the RF environment concurrently.   |
|        |                   |  |
| CT1F1  | Flexibility:      | AP model proposed must be able to be both a client-serving AP and Parallely monitor- Intrusion Prevention services.                                      |
| CT1F2  | Flexibility:      | Should support mesh capabilities for temporary connectivity in areas with no Ethernet cabling.   |
| CT1F3  | Flexibility:      | should support QoS for voice over wireless.  |
| CT1F4  | Flexibility:      | Must support Controller-based and standalone(autonomous) deployments   |

|       |                     |  |
|-------|---------------------|--|
| CT1F5 | Flexibility:        | Must support 16 WLANs per AP for SSID deployment flexibility.  |
| CT1O1 | Operational:        | Must support telnet or SSH or console login to Aps directly for troubleshooting flexibility.   |
| CT1O2 | Operational:        | Must support automatic detection of dropped connection to controller,  |
| CT1O3 | Operational:        | Must support automatic failover to secondary controller, upon detecting lost connection to controller  |
| CT1O4 | Operational:        | Must support DHCP Option 82, defined in RFC 3046, including support for Sub-option 01 (Circuit-Id) and Sub-option 02 (Remote Id) fields.   |
| CT1O5 | Operational:        | With Controller- (from a data-plane perspective) must support: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ethernet over GRE IPv6 tunnel</li> <li>- Automatic detection of failed tunnel termination, with configurable connection retry and timeout.</li> <li>- Automatic failover to secondary tunnel termination address.</li> </ul> |
| CT1O6 | Operational:        | Support for basic AP monitoring statistics for each radio: Bytes Sent, Bytes Received, Packets Sent, Packets Received, Radio Channel Utilization, Noise.   |
| CT1O7 | Operational:        | Must support data-plane split tunneling in which ACLs may be configured to enable a range of destination netblocks and/or IPs to bypass the data-plane tunnel and be bridged on the wired interface.   |
| CT1P1 | Power:              | Must support Power over Ethernet and AC.   |
| CT1Q1 | Quality of Service: | shall have the support of 802.11e and WMM  |
| CT1Q2 | Quality of Service: | Should be WiFi Alliance Certified and WPC approved and ETA certificate   |
| CT1Q3 | Quality of Service: | Must support Reliable Multicast Video to maintain video quality  |
| CT1Q4 | Quality of Service: | Must support QoS to prioritize video ,voice and Data traffic   |

## 2. Category 2 Access Point:

| Reference | Parameters        | Technical specification  |
|-----------|-------------------|--|
| CT2HW1    | Hardware          | Access Points proposed must include radios for both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz.                         |
| CT2HW2    | Hardware          | Must have a robust design for durability, without visible vents                                |
| CT2HW3    | Hardware          | Must include dual band antennas to support both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz operations simultaneously. |
| CT2HW4    | Hardware          | Proposed access point shall support MDO( Mobile Data offload)                                  |
| CT2HW5    | Hardware          | Mounting kit should be standard which shall be used for mounting access point                  |
| CT2HW5    | Hardware          | Must support operating humidity of 10 to 90% (noncondensing)                                   |
| T         |                   |  |
| CT2WS1    | wireless Standard | Must support 2X2 multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) with TWO spatial streams                |

|        |                   |   |
|--------|-------------------|---|
| CT2WS2 | wireless Standard | Must support simultaneous 802.11n on both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios and 802.11ac on 5ghz .   |
| CT2WS3 | wireless Standard | Must support data rates unto 800 Mbps on 5Ghz radio and 280 mbps on 2.4Ghz radio.   |
| CT2WS4 | wireless Standard | Must support 40 MHz and 80 MHz wide channels in 5 GHz.  |
| CT2WS5 | wireless Standard | Must support unto 25 dbm of transmit power in both 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz radios.  |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2RF1 | RF                | The Wireless AP should have the technology to improve downlink performance.   |
| CT2RF2 | RF                | The AP shall be able to load-balance between 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz band.  |
| CT2RF3 | RF                | Must have -90dB to -100B or better Receiver Sensitivity.  |
| CT2RF4 | RF                | Must incorporate radio resource management for power, channel, coverage hole detection and performance optimization                               |
| CT2RF6 | RF                | Should support configurable carrier sense threshold   |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2M1  | Mesh              | The Wireless Backhaul shall operate in 5Ghz   |
| CT2M2  | Mesh              | Support Encrypted and authenticated connectivity between all backhaul components  |
| CT2M3  | Mesh              | Access point shall have wired uplink interfaces i.e. 1X10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet   |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2R1  | Roaming           | Must support Proactive Key Caching and/or other methods for Fast Secure Roaming.  |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2S1  | Security          | Must support Management Frame Protection.   |
| CT2S2  | Security          | Should support locally-significant certificates on the APs using a Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) or preinstalled certs on AP for authentication |
| CT2S3  | Security          | Provision of Wireless IPS to filter malicious traffic   |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2E1  | Encryption        | Access Points must support a distributed encryption/decryption model.   |
| CT2E2  | Encryption        | Access Points must support hardware or software based encryption  |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2M1  | Monitoring        | Must support the ability to serve clients or monitor the RF environment .   |
| CT2M2  | Monitoring        | AP model proposed must be able to be both a client-serving AP or monitor- Intrusion Prevention services.  |
|        |                   |   |
| CT2F1  | Flexibility:      | Should support mesh capabilities for temporary connectivity in areas with no Ethernet cabling.  |
| CT2F2  | Flexibility:      | should support QoS for voice over wireless.   |
| CT2F3  | Flexibility:      | Must support Controller-based and standalone(autonomous) deployments  |
| CT2F4  | Flexibility:      | Must support 16 WLANs per AP for SSID deployment flexibility.   |

|         |   |   |
|---------|---|---|
| CT2O1   | Operational:                                | Must support telnet or SSH or console login to APs directly for troubleshooting flexibility.  |
| CT2O2   | Operational:                                | Must support automatic detection of dropped connection to controller,   |
| CT2O3   | Operational:                                | Must support automatic failover to secondary controller, upon detecting lost connection to controller   |
| CT2O4   | Operational:                                | Must support DHCP Option 82, defined in RFC 3046, including support for Sub-option 01 (Circuit-Id) and Sub-option 02 (Remote Id) fields.  |
| CT2O5   | Operational:                                | With Controller APs (from a data-plane perspective) must support: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ethernet over GRE IPv6 tunnel</li> <li>- Automatic detection of failed tunnel termination, with configurable connection retry and timeout.</li> <li>- Automatic failover to secondary tunnel termination address.</li> </ul> |
| CT2O6   | Operational:                                | Support for basic AP monitoring statistics for each radio: Bytes Sent, Bytes Received, Packets Sent, Packets Received, Radio Channel Utilization, Noise.  |
| CT2O7   | Operational:                                | Must support data-plane split tunneling in which ACLs may be configured to enable a range of destination net blocks and/or IPs to bypass the data-plane tunnel and be bridged on the wired interface.   |
| CT2P1   | Power:                                      | Must support Power over Ethernet/PoE+/UPoE and AC .   |
| CT2Q1   | Quality of Service:                         | shall have the support of 802.11e and WMM   |
| CT2Q2   | Quality of Service:                         | Should be Wi-Fi Alliance certified and WPC Approved and ETA Certified   |
| CT2Q3   | Quality of Service:                         | Must support QoS to prioritize video ,voice and Data traffic  |
| CT2EES1 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Must support QoS and Video Call Admission Control capabilities.   |
| CT2EES2 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Access point shall support powering from POE/PoE+/UPoE and AC.  |
| CT2EES3 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Access point shall support pole, wall, and roof mounting options.   |
| CT2EES4 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Geographic orientation flexibility – tilt angle for pole, wall, and roof mounting units   |
| CT2EES5 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The equipment shall support up to 100 MPH sustained winds & 140 MPH wind gusts.   |
| CT2EES6 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The Access point shall be IP67 certified.   |

|         |   |  |
|---------|---|--|
| CT2EES7 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The Access point shall be rated for operation over an ambient temperature range of 0C to +60 C |
|---------|---|--|

### 3. Category 3 Access Point:

| Reference | Parameters        | Technical specification   |
|-----------|-------------------|---|
| CT3HW1    | Hardware          | Must have a robust design for durability, without visible vents   |
| CT3HW2    | Hardware          | Access Points proposed must include radios for both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz.  |
| CT3HW3    | Hardware          | Must include dual band antennas to support both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz operations simultaneously.  |
| CT3HW4    | Hardware          | Proposed access point shall support MDO( Mobile Data offload)   |
| CT3HW5    | Hardware          | Mounting kit should be standard which shall be used for mounting access point   |
| CT3HW6    | Hardware          | Must Support operating Temperature of 0C to +40 C   |
| CT3HW7    | Hardware          | Must support operating humidity of 10 to 90% ( Non Condensing)  |
| CT3WS1    | wireless Standard | Must support 3x3 multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) with three spatial streams   |
| CT3WS2    | wireless Standard | Must support simultaneous 802.11n on both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios and 802.11ac on 5ghz .   |
| CT3WS3    | wireless Standard | Must support data rates upto 1.3 gbps Mbps on 5Ghz radio and 400 mbps on 2.4Ghz radio.  |
| CT3WS4    | wireless Standard | Must support 80 MHz wide channels in 5 GHz.   |
| CT3WS5    | wireless Standard | Must support upto 22dbm of transmit power or better in both 2.4Ghz radios.  |
| CT3S1     | Security          | Must support Management Frame Protection.   |
| CT3S2     | Security          | Should support locally-significant certificates on the APs using a Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) or preinstalled certs on AP for authentication |
| CT3S3     | Security          | Provision of Wireless IPS to filter malicious traffic   |
| CT3E1     | Encryption        | Access Points must support a distributed encryption/decryption model.   |
| CT3E2     | Encryption        | Access Points must support hardware or software based encryption  |
| CT3M1     | Monitoring        | Must support the ability to serve clients and monitor the RF environment concurrently.  |
| CT3M2     | Mesh              | Support Encrypted and authenticated connectivity between all backhaul components  |
| CT3M3     | Mesh              | Access point shall have wired uplink interfaces i.e. 2X10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet   |
| CT3F1     | Flexibility:      | AP model proposed must be able to be both a client-serving AP and Parallely monitor- Intrusion Prevention services.                               |

|        |                     |   |
|--------|---------------------|---|
| CT3F2  | Flexibility:        | Should support mesh capabilities for temporary connectivity in areas with no Ethernet cabling.  |
| CT3F3  | Flexibility:        | Mesh support should support QoS for voice over wireless.  |
| CT3F4  | Flexibility:        | Must support Controller-based and standalone(autonomous) deployments  |
| CT3F5  | Flexibility:        | Must support 16 WLANs per AP for SSID deployment flexibility.   |
|        |                     |   |
| CT3O1  | Operational:        | Must support telnet or SSH or console login to APs directly for troubleshooting flexibility.  |
| CT3O2  | Operational:        | Must support automatic detection of dropped connection to controller  |
| CT3O3  | Operational:        | Must support automatic failover to secondary controller, upon detecting lost connection to controller   |
| CT3O4  | Operational:        | Must support DHCP Option 82, defined in RFC 3046, including support for Sub-option 01 (Circuit-Id) and Sub-option 02 (Remote Id) fields.  |
| CT3O5  | Operational:        | With Controller APs (from a data-plane perspective) must support: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ethernet over GRE IPv6 tunnel</li> <li>- Automatic detection of failed tunnel termination, with configurable connection retry and timeout.</li> <li>- Automatic failover to secondary tunnel termination address.</li> </ul> |
| CT3O6  | Operational:        | Support for basic AP monitoring statistics for each radio: Bytes Sent, Bytes Received, Packets Sent, Packets Received, Radio Channel Utilization, Noise.  |
| CT3O7  | Operational:        | Must support data-plane split tunneling in which ACLs may be configured to enable a range of destination net blocks and/or IPs to bypass the data-plane tunnel and be bridged on the wired interface.   |
|        |                     |   |
| CT3P1  | Power:              | Must support Power over Ethernet and AC..   |
|        |                     |   |
| CT3Q1  | Quality of Service: | shall have the support of 802.11e and WMM   |
| CT3Q2  | Quality of Service: | Should be WiFi Alliance certified and passpoint certified and WPC Approved and ETA Certified  |
| CT3Q3  | Quality of Service: | Must support Reliable Multicast Video to maintain video quality   |
| CT3Q4  | Quality of Service: | Must support QoS toprioritize video ,voice and Data traffic   |
|        |                     |   |
| CT3R1  | RF                  | Wireless AP Should detect and classify non-Wi-Fi wireless transmissions.  |
| CT3R3  | RF                  | Should support configuring the access point as network connected sensor to access any network location covered by the access point to get real-time Spectrum analysis data.   |
| CT3R4  | RF                  | Must have -90 to 100 dB or better Receiver Sensitivity.   |
| CT3R5  | RF                  | Must incorporate radio resource management for power, channel, coverage hole detection and performance optimization   |
| CT3RF6 | RF                  | Should support configurable carrier sense threshold   |

#### 4. Category Access Point:



| Reference | Parameters        | Technical specification   |
|-----------|-------------------|---|
| CT4HW1    | Hardware:         | Access Points proposed must include radios for both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz.  |
| CT4HW2    | Hardware:         | Must include dual band antennas to support both the 2.4GHz and 5GHz operations simultaneously.  |
| CT4HW3    | Hardware:         | Proposed access point shall support MDO( Mobile Data offload)   |
| CT4HW4    | Hardware:         | Must support a variety of antenna options.  |
| CT4HW5    | Hardware:         | Must have -90 to 100 dB or better Receiver Sensitivity.   |
| CT4HW5    | Hardware          | Must support operating humidity of 5 to 95% (noncondensing)   |
| CT4WS1    | wireless standard | Must support 3x3 multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) with three spatial streams   |
| CT4WS2    | wireless standard | Must support simultaneous 802.11n on both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios and 802.11ac on 5ghz .   |
| CT4WS3    | wireless standard | Must support data rates upto 1.3 gbps Mbps on 5Ghz radio and 400 mbps on 2.4Ghz radio.  |
| CT4WS4    | wireless standard | Must support 80 MHz wide channels in 5 GHz.   |
| CT4WS5    | wireless standard | Must support upto 25 dbm of transmit power in both 2.4Ghz radios and 5 Mhz Radios   |
| CT4WS6    | wireless standard | Access point should support selective beamforming feature to improve performance of legacy 802.11abg clients.                                     |
| CT4RF1    | RF                | The Wireless AP should have the technology to improve downlink performance  |
| CT4RF2    | RF                | The AP shall be able to load-balance between 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz band.  |
| CT4RF3    | RF                | Must incorporate radio resource management for power, channel, coverage hole detection and performance optimization                               |
| CT4RF4    | RF                | Should support configurable carrier sense threshold   |
| CT4R1     | Roaming           | Must support Proactive Key Caching and/or other methods for Fast Secure Roaming.  |
| CT4S1     | Security          | Must support Management Frame Protection.   |
| CT4S2     | Security          | Should support locally-significant certificates on the APs using a Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) or preinstalled certs on AP for authentication |
| CT4S3     | Security          | Provision of Wireless IPS to filter malicious traffic   |
| CT4E1     | Encryption        | Access Points must support a distributed encryption/decryption model.   |
| CT4E2     | Encryption        | Access Points must support hardware or software based encryption  |
| CT4M1     | Monitoring        | Must support the ability to serve clients and monitor the RF environment concurrently.  |
| CT4M2     | Monitoring        | AP model proposed must be able to be both a client-serving AP and Parallely monitor- Intrusion Prevention services.                               |

|         |   |   |
|---------|---|---|
| CT4F1   | Flexibility:                                | Should support mesh capabilities for temporary connectivity in areas with no Ethernet cabling.  |
| CT4F2   | Flexibility:                                | should support QoS for voice over wireless.   |
| CT4F3   | Flexibility:                                | Must support Controller-based and standalone(autonomous) deployments  |
| CT4F4   | Flexibility:                                | Must support 16 WLANs per AP for SSID deployment flexibility.   |
|         |   |   |
| CT4O1   | Operational:                                | Must support telnet or SSH or console login to APs directly for troubleshooting flexibility.  |
| CT4O2   | Operational:                                | Must support automatic detection of dropped connection to controller  |
| CT4O3   | Operational:                                | Must support automatic failover to secondary controller, upon detecting lost connection to controller   |
| CT4O4   | Operational:                                | Must support DHCP Option 82, defined in RFC 3046, including support for Sub-option 01 (Circuit-Id) and Sub-option 02 (Remote Id) fields.  |
| CT4O5   | Operational:                                | With Controller APs (from a data-plane perspective) must support: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ethernet over GRE IPv6 tunnel</li> <li>- Automatic detection of failed tunnel termination, with configurable connection retry and timeout.</li> <li>- Automatic failover to secondary tunnel termination address.</li> </ul> |
| CT4O6   | Operational:                                | Support for basic AP monitoring statistics for each radio: Bytes Sent, Bytes Received, Packets Sent, Packets Received, Radio Channel Utilization, Noise.  |
| CT4O7   | Operational:                                | Must support data-plane split tunneling in which ACLs may be configured to enable a range of destination net blocks and/or IPs to bypass the data-plane tunnel and be bridged on the wired interface.   |
|         |   |   |
| CT4P1   | Power:                                      | Must support Power over Ethernet and AC   |
|         |   |   |
| CT4Q1   | Quality of Service:                         | shall have the support of 802.11e and WMM   |
| CT4Q2   | Quality of Service:                         | Should have Wi-Fi Alliance Certification and passpoint certified  |
| CT4Q3   | Quality of Service:                         | Must support Reliable Multicast Video to maintain video quality   |
| CT4Q4   | Quality of Service:                         | Must support QoS to prioritize video ,voice and Data traffic  |
|         |   |   |
| CT4Q1   | Mesh  | The Wireless Backhaul shall operate in 5Ghz   |
| CT4Q2   | Mesh  | Support Encrypted and authenticated connectivity between all backhaul components  |
| CT4Q3   | Mesh  | Access point shall have wired uplink interfaces<br>2X10/100/1000BASE-T Ethernet   |
|         |   |   |
| CT4EES1 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Access point shall support powering from AC and POE/PoE+/UPoE.  |
| CT4EES2 | Environmental and Electrical                | Access point shall support POE/PoE+/UPoE  |

|         | Specifications                              |   |
|---------|---|---|
| CT4EES3 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Access point shall support pole, wall, and roof mounting options.   |
| CT4EES4 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Geographic orientation flexibility – tilt angle for pole, wall, and roof mounting units   |
| CT4EES5 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The equipment shall support up to 100 MPH sustained winds & 140 MPH wind gusts.   |
| CT4EES6 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The Access point shall be IP67 certified.   |
| CT4EES7 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | The Access point shall be rated for operation over an ambient temperature range of 0C to 60 C   |
| CT4EES8 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Power consumption shall be less than 120 Watts meeting all safety specifications.   |
| CT4EES9 | Environmental and Electrical Specifications | Should Support Surge Protection on Line Earth, Power Inputs and Ethernet Ports to meet the requirement at High Voltage Transmission Line running across the Railway Platform. Must comply to all Rail Certifications not limiting to<br>EN61000-4-2 Level 4 Contact / Level 3 Air ESD Immunity<br>EN61000-4-5 Level 1 & 2 AC Surge Immunity<br>EN61000-4-3 Level 4 EMC Immunity |

### Specification of Cloud/Appliance based Wireless Controller:

The below mentioned parameters are minimum specifications of the controller. Bidders has to propose Cloud/Appliance based Wireless Controller to meet the requirement as per the tender without any cost Implication for Railtel.

| Reference | Parameters             | Technical specification   |
|-----------|------------------------|---|
| WCHW1     | Hardware and Standards | Must be compliant with IEEE CAPWAP or equivalent for controller-based WLANs.  |
| WCHW2     | Hardware and Standards | Controller should support 5000 access points from Day 1 from single chassis. If any OEM/Bidder can't provide WLAN controller to support 5000 AP in 2U form factor, multiple stackable controllers must be proposed from Day One from single chassis of minimum 2000 Access Point. Proposed controller should support 1+1/N+1 redundancy from the day one. The solution should be scalable to support 20000 or more APs. The cloud bases solution should be implemented in Railtel Data Centre |
| WCHW3     | Hardware and Standards | Controller must have at least 4 x 10Gbps of uplink interfaces.  |
| WCHW4     | Hardware and Standards | Controller shall support 30000 concurrent sessions from a single chassis  |
| WCHW5     | Hardware and           | WLAN controller shall support Mobile data offload as a feature  |

|       | Standards         |   |
|-------|-------------------|---|
| WCC1  | Compatibility     | Must not require a separate controller for Wireless Intrusion Prevention Access Points.   |
| WCHA1 | High Availability | Must support both 1+1 and N+1 redundancy models.  |
| WCHA2 | High Availability | Must have feature for stateful recovery without re-authentication of the client in the event of LAN and WLAN infrastructure disruption to deliver a non-stop client session   |
| WCHA3 | High Availability | Must support internal redundant power supplies.   |
| WCRF1 | RF Management     | Must support an ability to dynamically adjust channel and power settings based on the RF environment.   |
| WCRF2 | RF Management     | Radio coverage algorithm must allow adjacent APs to operate on different channels, in order to maximize available bandwidth and avoid interference  |
| WCRF3 | RF Management     | Must have Automatic 802.11 interference detection, identification, classification, and mitigation-  |
| WCRF4 | RF Management     | Must support coverage whole detection and correction  |
| WCRF5 | RF Management     | Must support RF Management with 20/40/80 MHz channels with 802.11a/b/g/n/ac   |
| WCIP1 | IPv6 features     | WLC should support L2 and L3 roaming of IPv6 clients  |
| WCIP2 | IPv6 features     | WLC should support Guest-access functionality for IPv6 clients  |
| WCP1  | Performance:      | Controller performance must remain the same if encryption is on or off for wireless SSIDs except the throughput processing of the controller.   |
| WCS1  | Security:         | Should adhere to the strictest level of security standards, including 802.11i Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 (WPA2), WPA, Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP), 802.1X with multiple Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP) types, including Protected EAP (PEAP), EAP with Transport Layer Security (EAP-TLS), EAP with Tunnelled TLS (EAP-TTLS) |
| WCS2  | Security:         | Should support Management frame protection for the authentication of 802.11 management frames by the wireless network infrastructure.   |
| WCS3  | Security:         | The Controller should support a capability to shun / block WLAN client in collaboration with wired IPS on detecting malicious client traffic.   |
| WCS4  | Security:         | Controller should have rogue AP detection, classification and automatic containment feature   |
| WCS5  | Security:         | Controller should be able to detect attacks like Broadcast deauthentication, NULL probe, from day one for all access points   |
| WCS6  | Security:         | Controller should have profiling of devices based on protocols like HTTP, DHCP and more to identify the end devices on the network  |
| WCG1  | Guest Wireless    | Must support internal and external web authentication.  |

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| WCF1  | Functionality | Must be able to set a maximum per-user bandwidth limit on a per-SSID basis.   |
| WCF2  | Functionality | Must support user load balancing across Access Points.  |
| WCF3  | Functionality | Controller must provide Mesh capability for Mesh supported AP.  |
|       |               |   |
| WCM1  | Monitoring    | Must be able to use APs to monitor for Intrusion Prevention Services  |
|       |               |   |
| WCR1  | Roaming:      | Must support client roaming across controllers separated by a layer 3 routed boundary.  |
| WCR2  | Roaming:      | Solution proposed must support clients roaming across at least 500 APs.   |
|       |               |   |
| WCO1  | Operational:  | Must support AP over-the-air packet capture for export to a tool such as Wire shark.  |
| WCO2  | Operational:  | Should be able to classify different types of interference  |
| WCO3  | Operational:  | Should provide a snapshot of air quality in terms of the performance and impact of interference on the wireless network identifying the problem areas.                                      |
| WCO4  | Operational:  | Should provide real-time charts showing interferers per access point, on a per-radio, per-channel basis.  |
| WCO5  | Operational:  | Should support encrypted mechanism to securely upload/download software images to and from wireless controllers   |
| WCO6  | Operational:  | Must support Ethernet over GRE IPv4 tunnel to northbound gateway  |
| WCO7  | Operational:  | Should support Ethernet over GRE IPv6 tunnel to northbound gateway  |
| WCO8  | Operational:  | Must support automatic detection of failed tunnel termination, with configurable connection retry and timeout   |
| WCO9  | Operational:  | Must support automatic failover to secondary tunnel termination address.  |
| WCO10 | Operational:  | Must support controller-based configuration of Ethernet over GRE tunnel termination   |
| WCO11 | Operational:  | must be wifi passpoint 2 complaint  |
| WCO12 | Operational:  | System shall support various modes of operations like Tunnel Mode and local Breakout on the Same AP   |
| WCO13 | Operational:  | Must support configuration of data-plane split tunneling by enabling specific destination IP addresses and net blocks to bypass the data-plane tunnel and be bridged on the wired interface |
| WCO14 | Operational:  | Shall Support WAG functionality for WiFi offload  |
| WCO15 | Operational:  | shall support API's for NB Integration with CNMS  |
| WCO16 | Operational:  | System shall support Reporting functionality without any external server  |
|       |               |   |
| WCQ1  | QOS:          | Must support 802.11e (WMM)  |
| WCQ2  | QOS:          | Shall able to prioritize all traffic such as (Data ,voice and video)  |
| WCQ3  | QOS:          | Controller shall integrate with existing firewall and deep packet inspection  |

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|------|------|--|
| WCQ4 | QOS: | Should have rate limiting per user and per SSID basis for encrypted tunnel mode                                    |
| WCQ5 | QOS: | To deliver optimal bandwidth usage, reliable multicast must use single session between AP and Wireless Controller. |

**10. All other Terms & conditions will remain same.**

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**(A.K.Sablania)**  
**Group General Manager/DNM**